## MCQS on Architecture and Architectural Styles

- 1. The architecture is
- a) an operational software
- b) a representation
- c) Both a and b
- d) None of the above
- 2. Architecture is representation used for
- a) Analyse the effectiveness of the design
- b) Look for architectural alternatives
- c) Reduce the risks
- d) All of the above
- 3. Set of work products that reflect different views of the system is called
- a) Architectural description
- b) Architectural styles
- c) Architectural decisions
- d) None of the above
- 4. In customer view the architecture is
- a) guide to proceed with design
- b) clear understanding of requirements
- c) understand other aspects of software
- d) none of the above
- 5. Semantic models are used
- a) to perform required system functions
- b) for the integration of components
- c) for the communication, coordination among components
- d) to understand the overall properties of a system
- 6. In which architectural style input data are to be transformed into output data through a series of computational components.
- a) Data-centred
- b) Object-oriented
- c) Data-flow
- d) Layered
- 7. In which architectural style the structure of the software can be easily modified and scale.
- a) Data-centred
- b) Call and return
- c) Data-flow
- d) Layered
- 8. In which architectural style components can modify, update, add, delete data at data store.
- a) Data-centred
- b) Call and return
- c) Data-flow
- d) Layered

- 9. In which architectural style communication and coordination among the components takes place via message passing.
- a) Data-centred
- b) Object-oriented
- c) Data-flow
- d) Layered
- 10. In layered architecture, which of the following layers provide operating system functions.
- a) Intermediate layers
- b) Inner layers
- c) Outer layers
- d) None of the above

## Key:

1.b 2.a 3.c 4.b 5.d 6.c 7.c 8.a 9.b 10.b